# Verbal inflection 

Professor Smith / Latin 101

## Review

- Substantive inflection: declension
- Identify three properties: gender, case, number
- Identification -> meaning


## Finite verbs

- Inflection: conjugation
- Identify five properties:
- person
- number
- tense
- mood
- voice
- Identification -> meaning


## What kind of statement? Mood

(What mode of statement?)

- indicative: factual
- imperative: command
- subjunctive: non-factual or hypothetical


## Mood: examples

## Command (imperative)

da mihi id.
Give me that!

## Fact (indicative)

Creon Megaram filiam suam Herculi dedit.
Creon gave his daughter Megara to Hercules [in marriage].

The subject: who, and how many? Person and Number

| Person | Singular | Plural |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| First | I | We |
| Second | You | You |
| Third | He, she, it | They |

## Person + number

Third singular:
Fuit llium.
Troy existed.
First plural:
Fui mus Troes.
We were Trojans.

## Actor or acted upon? Voice

- active: subject does the action
- passive: subject is acted upon


## Voice

## Active

Italus Italiam ex suo nomine appellauit.
Italus called (it) "Italy" from his own name.

## Passive

Graece capra "aega" appellatur.
In Greek a goat is called "aega."

## Time and aspect of action: Tense

Two tenses describing past time:

- perfect (complete)
- imperfect (incomplete)


## Tense



Perfect tense:
Hercules Busiridem interfecit.
Hercules killed Busiris.
Imperfect tense:
Antaeus hospites interficiebat.
Antaeus killed his guests.
Antaeus used to kill his guests.
Antaeus repeatedly, regularly killed his guests.

## Other examples of imperfect

Ongoing state or action:
cogebat
he thought...
he was thinking...
habebat
he had...
erant
they were...

## The perfect: game over

Panthus, to Aeneas:
venit summa dies
the last day has arrived
fuit llium
Troy existed once, but exists no more: it is over


## Summary

Identify every conjugated verb with five properties:

- Person
- Number
- Tense
- Mood
- Voice


## Coming up...

How to recognize and form

- every person and number
- in the imperfect and perfect tenses
- in the indicative mood
- in both active and passive voices

Valēte!

